

#### UKGCC-AMCHAM WEBINAR FCPA CASE STUDY

OCTOBER 27, 2020



# US Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA")



- Well-known US Law
- Two sets of provisions: Anti-bribery and accounting
- Broad application: Applies to companies (including majorityowned/controlled subsidiaries), individuals, third parties



## Who is Covered by the FCPA?



#### • "Issuers"

- Companies with securities registered in the US or that are required to file periodic reports with the SEC
- Domestic Concerns
  - US citizens, nationals, or residents;
  - Companies organized in, or with primary place of business in, the US (including controlled subsidiaries)
  - Foreign persons who take any act in furtherance of a corrupt payment within the US



# **The FCPA's Anti-Bribery Provision**



The FCPA prohibits:

- 1) Giving or offering (directly or indirectly);
- 2) Anything of value;
- 3) To a non-US government official;
- 4) With the **corrupt intent** to influence that official in his or her official capacity; and
- 5) To secure an **improper advantage** in order to obtain or retain business.





#### **FCPA Enforcement: Record Fines**



**Siemens** (2008-2012): **\$2 billion** (fines from U.S. DOJ/SEC, Germany, Greece, World Bank)

KBR, Technip, Snamprogetti/Eni, JGC, Marubeni (2009-2011): \$1.7 billion (U.S.)

**Alstom** (2014): **\$772 million** (U.S.)

**BAE Systems** (2010): **\$479 million** (U.S. DOJ

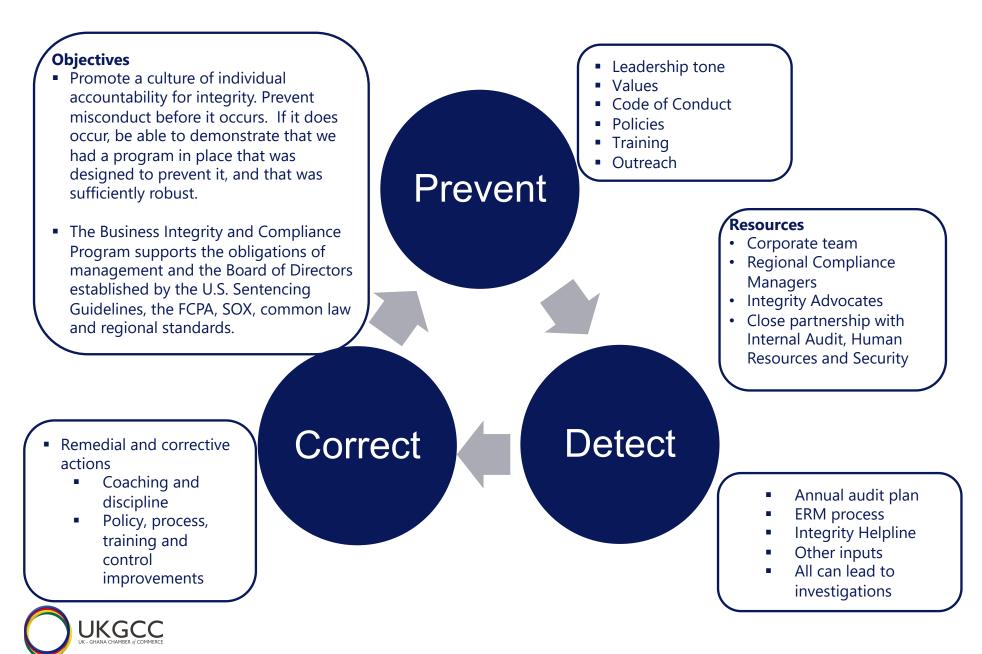
**Total** (2013): **\$398 million** (U.S.)

Alcoa (2014): \$382 million (U.S.)
Goldman Sachs (Oct 2020): \$3.3Billion



#### The Business Integrity and Compliance Program





## **Compliance – Gatekeeping**



✓ Governance System

✓Governance Documents

✓ Third party Due Diligence

Compliance audits- Regular, system and random





NEWMONT GHANA